

In her research on how and why parents are involved in their children's education, Karen Mapp asked parents to identify what school staff actually did that created trusting and respectful relationships.

Mapp found that high-performing, low-income schools **welcome**, **honor**, and **connect** families with what's happening in class. She calls this "The Joining Process" and found that it creates a school where "everyone feels like members of a family."

Parents respond by becoming loyal members of the school community and taking part eagerly in their children's education. Here are some specific practices that parents said made them feel a real part of the school:

Welcoming: Develops Relationships

- Put out the welcome mat (reserved parking spots, welcome signs, directions)
- Enroll the whole family tours of the school, home visits, and a buddy system
- Create a warm, friendly building with lots of student work on display
- Make sure people are accessible, such as open office hours for the principal
- Set customer service standards for office staff and others
- Put on the personal touch small meetings, one-to-one talks, a family center

Honoring: Deepens Relationships

- Show respect at all times. Ask parents for their advice -- and take it
- Give parents a voice in major decisions about their children and the school
- Recognize families' contributions and thank them for their help
- · Respect families' circumstances offer translators, convenient times, childcare
- Set ground rules together such as procedure for classroom observations
- Accentuate the positive apply no negative labels to anyone

Connecting: Links Families to Student Learning and Sustains Relationships

- Link parent activities to what students are learning and doing in class
- Exhibit student work and send graded work home every week
- Make home visits to find out child's talents and interests, explain what's going on in class, and leave learning materials families can use with children
- Show parents how much staff care by keeping parents informed about what their kids are learning and doing in class
- Invite parents to observe in class and learn how teachers teach
- Open a Family Center create a warm place to gather and lend learning materials and games

Mapp, K. 2003. "Having their say: Parents describe why and how they are engaged in their children's education." School Community Journal, Vol.13, No. 1.

Developing Relationships with Families

WELCOMING, HONORING, CONNECTING

	INSTEAD OF THIS	TRYTHS
	"Who are you? What do you want?"	"Hello! Welcome to our school. How may I help you?"
	"No Trespassing" signs	"Welcome" signs
	Parent meetings dominated by the principal, school staff or a few PTA/PTO officers	 Parent meetings broken into small discussion groups where everyone participates, each group picking a leader.
E	Calling home only when a child acts out or is in danger of failing	 Staying in personal touch with each family at least once a month
=	Complaining about parents who don't help their kids with homework	 Sending home learning kits and interactive homework assignments and/or developing programs to show parents how to help with homework
Б	Leaving parent involvement to the Assistant Principal or Teacher's Aide	 Meeting and greeting parents before and after school, and going to community events
=	Meeting only during school hours or only on one set time and day	 Rotating parent meetings before school, evenings, and weekends and at different times
E	Announcing a new reading program	 Involving families in selecting a new reading program
E	Planning events then publicizing them to parents	 Surveying parents to get their ideas and opinions for family activities
	Talking at and about parents	 Listening to and with parents

Adapted from Henderson, Mapp, Davies and Johnson, Beyond the Bake Sale: The Essential Guide to Family-School Partnership (New York: The New Press, 2007)